

THE FIGURES.

The Central Labor Union Came Out Ahead on Celebration.

WHERE THE MONEY WENT.

The Citizen prints below the receipts and expenditures of money in connection with the great Central Labor Union celebration on the Fourth and first of July.

The figures will be of interest to the labor men. The receipts follow:

Receipts.	
Tickets sold in advance.....	\$ 46.25
Gate, 4th afternoon.....	357.00
Gate, 4th evening.....	186.50
Gate, 5th.....	104.00
Grandstand, 4th afternoon.....	238.25
Grandstand, 4th evening.....	194.50
Grandstand, 5th.....	57.50
Bar, 4th.....	159.50
Bar, 5th.....	51.60
Concessions, etc.....	49.50
From Advertising committee.....	7.60
Total.....	\$1,362.20

Expenditures.	
McGinness, helper.....	8.00
Four porters.....	16.00
Ed Riehl.....	12.00
W. Fowler.....	8.00
Wm. Monday.....	8.00
L. B. Dye.....	8.00
S. C. Berry.....	242.80
E. Baca.....	7.50
Horse race, base ball, etc.....	68.00
Gonzales, percent.....	40.00
James Votaw.....	21.00
J. C. Baldrige.....	19.45
Whitney Company.....	2.70
L. C. Colson, decorating.....	47.50
W. Brockmeier.....	12.00
H. Brockmeier.....	12.00
W. Mace.....	18.00
A. Pagan.....	18.00
Italian band.....	75.00
J. Horton.....	1.50
J. Borradaile & Co.....	33.25
Ortiz & Co.....	4.50
Chas. Quier.....	3.00
Harsch Bottling Works.....	11.25
J. W. Malette.....	6.00
W. Westfield & Bro.....	9.00
Bachochi & Glom.....	4.00
E. J. Post & Co.....	2.05
Melini & Eakin.....	15.00
O. A. Watson & Co.....	68.98
Krisner Bros.....	12.00
Meyers-Abel Co.....	16.25
S. C. Berry.....	15.25
R. Rogers.....	8.00
W. Westfield.....	8.00
Whitney Company.....	8.00
Albuquerque Hardware Co.....	29.13
Albuquerque Citizen.....	3.00
A. Faber.....	3.50
H. G. Faber.....	40.00
S. E. Newcomer.....	168.55
J. L. Trimble & Co.....	7.25
Imperial Laundry.....	2.00
Southwestern Brewing Co.....	65.00
J. J. Ryan.....	3.75
Albuquerque Bicycle & Electric Works.....	5.06
Smith & Vories.....	23.00
D. A. Hittner.....	35.00
Ortiz & Co.....	1.20
Total.....	\$1,214.87

Recapitulation.	
Receipts.....	\$1,362.20
Expenditures.....	1,214.87
Cash on hand.....	\$ 147.33

Skinner Whitewashed.
Rev. Skinner has been exonerated from his abuse of the Mexican people, and allowed to take his place as sky pilot for the misery alley aggregation. Papa's boy and his guardian adorn the choir. Uncle Jeff passes the plate and the Albuquerque specimen will be hung on the wall as a disinfectant.—Las Vegas Advertiser.

Indian Railroad Workers.
Forty Apache Mohave Indians are now at work on the grade of the Crowned King branch railroad and twenty more will arrive soon. They are under the direction of the well known Chief Novack and are said to be very good workers. There are some squaws with them and the squaws have commenced the erection of teepees. The grade of the road has been completed to a point three miles beyond Middletons, the end of the track. It is stated that a grading camp will be established at Crown King next week.—Prescott Courier.

CONSUMPTION CURES.
Science Trying to Stop Spread of the White Plague.
Scientific men are at work all the time trying to devise cures for consumption. Especially during the past ten years, activity among the doctors has been great in this direction, and scores of discoveries have been heralded for a while as of notable value, only to be abandoned and forgotten in favor of a newer formula. There have been injections, inhalations, capsules, lymph, serums, local applications, direct antiseptic treatment, out of door cure, diet cure, fasting cure, overload the stomach cure, creosote cure, crude oil, and a hundred other cures, yet somehow the disease goes on spreading and the deaths increasing with the population.
The latest discovery is announced from Germany. A German merchant traveling in Australia found the natives using the extract of a root and leaves of the eucalyptus for the treatment of tuberculosis. He reported his observation to Berlin physicians, and they have devised a combination of sulphur, charcoal and dried eucalyptus leaves, finely powdered, which when heated produce fumes that are claimed to kill the tuberculosis bacilli, and may be inhaled without in any way injuring the patient.
Experiments have been going on for some time in the Berlin hospitals to determine the efficacy of this cure. In one hospital out of 120 patients treated, it is said that fifty were discharged as cured. The patients were in all sta-

ges of the disease when the treatment began, some of them having been considered hopeless. The results are certainly gratifying. Any prevention starts in cleanly habits. It must discourage those seeking ardently after something to relieve those already afflicted, to note how careless the untainted are to enforce the simplest rules of precaution against their diseased associates; and how careless are the sick, heedless of the rights and welfare of the well.

LAS CRUCES.

From the Progress.
W. E. Baker returned to Roswell today, where legal business requires his attention.

The Casteneda block has been brightened up by a fresh application of white wash and paint.

Miss Bishop left Wednesday for Los Angeles, where she will spend her summer vacation. She was joined at Albuquerque by her sister, whose home is in Ohio.

Messrs. Jack Lyons and Mr. Shallenberg, Santa Fe engineers, and Mr. A. McClintock of Rincon, went out to Van Patten's springs on Monday for a few days' visit.

Dan Rende was in town the first of the week from his new field of labor at El Paso. Mr. Rende is meeting with growing and merited success in the Pass city, and all who know him will be glad to hear it.

The incorporation promoters and those opposed are submitting their arguments to the commissioners as we go to press. E. C. Wade and N. C. Frenger are for the incorporators and J. F. Bonham appears for the anti.

Las Cruces celebrated the 175th anniversary of Independence Day in a truly patriotic fashion. There was a most interesting and varied program prepared for the occasion and it was carried out to the letter—and strictly at the time appointed for each event, such event was pulled off.

Rev. Herman J. Powell, of the Baptist church, will leave in a few days to spend his vacation in Michigan.

THE LITTLE DOCTOR.
How to Check Coughing—Pour a half teaspoonful of good, pure cologne into a handkerchief and hold this before the open mouth. Inhale a deep breath or two of the perfume, inhaled air and the coughing attack will be allayed.

New Headache Cure.—To those who suffer with violent headaches, and especially so during extremely hot days in the summer, relief may be found in the following prescription: Take a small quantity of black pepper and put it in a piece of fine linen, then fold over so the grains will not fall out, and wet the whole bandage with camphor. Place it across the head and tie down on the back. The pain will cease in a very short time and the patient will fall asleep. When the camphor dries out of the linen, if not relieved, saturate it again.

Pulmonary Complaints.—Ichthyol is frequently been employed in the treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis with gratifying results. Administer it diluted with an equal quantity of water in doses of five to twenty drops three daily in wine or black coffee as a vehicle after meals. Ichthyol is perfectly non-toxic and is not injurious to the digestive organs. The appetite will likely improve under the use of this remedy. Annoying night sweats, the cough, the coughing and fever reduced. Ichthyol may be recommended as an efficient substitute for creosote and its derivatives in the treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis.

Old Foggy Notions.—It will be recalled by many readers that in the days of their youth the admonitions of their elders—invariably preceded by that augmentative clinger, "they say"—ran something like this: They say a horse chestnut will keep away that nation. They say a raw potato will do, if there are no horse chestnuts to be had. They say an onion, carried in the vest pocket will prevent fits. They say a piece of camphor gum will keep away smallpox. They say a black silk thread worn around the neck will ward off croup. They say a red string about the throat, or an eel skin about the wrist will prevent rheumatism. They say a bag of sulphur, worn as a pendant, will prevent scarlet fever.

Buttermilk.—As a remedial agent buttermilk can not be praised too highly. Lactic acid, the sour of the buttermilk attack and dissolves every sort of earthly deposits in the blood vessels. Thus it keeps the veins and arteries supple and free without clogging up, hence no deposit will occur of irritating calcareous matter around the joints, nor of poisonous waste in the muscles. It is the stiffening and hardening of the blood vessels which bring on senile decay. Buttermilk is likely to postpone it ten or twenty years, if freely drunk. A quart a day should be the minimum, the maximum according to taste and opportunity. Inasmuch as gouty difficulties usually arise from sluggish excretion, buttermilk is a blessing to all gouty subjects. It gently stimulates all the excretories—liver, skin and kidneys.

Cholera Infantum.—A physician who investigated 663 deaths among children under 2 years old due to cholera infantum, diarrhoea and other similar diseases ascertained that fully 80 per cent of these children had been fed on condensed milk, 10 per cent were

nursing infants and the remainder were nourished by prepared baby foods. Most of the condensed milk used was the canned variety, depending on the large amount of sugar in it to preserve it. The mothers were accustomed to dilute this in ten parts of water. In this form it was fed to the children. Owing to the sweetness of the mixture, the children asked it, of course, and seemed to thrive as the sugar fattened them. But there is a preponderance of casein in condensed milk which is not digestible. There is also an absence of fat. Hence, the children who had been fed with this food presented broken down systems to the summer heat and could not stand the strain.

Appreciate Weekly Papers.

The editor of the Albuquerque Citizen reads the weekly newspapers of the territory and does not hesitate to speak the truth as to their merits or demerits when occasion demands.—Deming Graphic.

BIG SHIP.

Largest German Passenger Ship is a Monster in Size.

The new seven story German transatlantic liner, Kaiser Wilhelm II, is a boat to make the coast trade smile. Her average daily consumption is something like 600 tons. She has bunker capacity for 5700 tons, or more than four times as much as any of our battleships; her boilers have about two acres of heating surface; her engine of 40,000 nominal horse power or the actual daily effort of about 100,000 good big dray horses; she has a crew of 23; measures 29,000 tons gross, and is fitted up regardless of cost, either to owners or passengers. Two suites of rooms are charged for at the modest price of \$2,000 per voyage. Germany has more reason to feel proud of her commercial navy than of her fighting force—quite to the contrary. However, such giants as the Kaiser are not run purely on their merits as a commercial proposition, even with \$2,000 suites, since there is a deal of money from the German taxpayers necessary in the form of subsidies.

Abolishing Rural Routes.
Bristow's order abolishing all rural free delivery routes who do not serve 100 families or deliver 2,000 pieces of mail matter each month, practically wiped out the system west of the Mississippi except in the neighborhood of the larger cities.

Building Had Clos Call—Indiscreet Dumping of Hot Ashes Responsible.
Considerable smoke and the cry of fire was the cause of a flurry of excitement at the Alvarado curio rooms last night. Indiscreetly some employee of the hotel had dumped hot ashes from the engine room against the concrete side of the curio building. Fortunately it occurred about 8 o'clock, and there were still a number of employees of the curio department still on duty. Had it occurred an hour later, after the store had been closed, the chances are that the handsome curio building and the elegant stock of rich and costly blankets and baskets would have been a tangled mass of wreckage. Smoke was first noticed circling near the ceiling among the quaint rafters. A search revealed it issuing from between crevasses in boards on the west side of the building. An alarm was sounded and the city department called out. It was then discovered by walking around the building that the fire was between the walls. Firemen cut a hole in the interior wall and a dash of water brought forth a sizzling noise. More water was applied and all danger was removed. The wood frame was badly scorched and charred and judging from appearances, the fire would have been blazing in a few minutes had it not been discovered. As it was a broken clay jar and a jagged hole in the wall was the only damage done.

Alamogordo Telephone Line.
The line putting up the new telephone line between Alamogordo and El Paso are now within twenty-eight miles of El Paso and it will only be a few days longer until El Pasoans can say "hello" to their friends in Alamogordo.

THE POPULAR BANK.
The Montezuma Trust Company Will Give You One to Take Home.
You have noticed the half page "ad" of the Montezuma Trust company in The Citizen. Now go to the bank and get you a little bank to take home.
Then save all you can. Put in a cent or a dime or a half dollar. When you put your month's savings in it take to the bank and have the amount placed on your bank book. Then begin filling your little bank all over again. Keep this up and you'll soon be able to build you a home or any thing else you may want.
The department of savings of the Montezuma Trust company will surely prove a blessing to our working people.

Our Mark in Luck.
Mark Smith, Arizona's delegate to congress, has just won a big mining suit in Mexico, which decided his ownership of a mine in the Hermosillo district. The parties who were contesting Mark's title to the property refused an offer of \$300,000 for it.

Architect Whittlesey, who has been at Alamogordo the past few days, is expected home tomorrow morning. Mr. Whittlesey has made drawings for plans on the new sanitarium to be built there in the near future. Mr. Whittlesey is also making plans for a new bank building to be put up at Alamogordo.

Knows How He Stands.
Chauncey M. Depew's fall is clippings. Several bureaus furnish him with all that the newspapers say about him, and he always knows exactly how he appears in the public eye.

FOR TERRITORIAL FAIR

Dr. F. A. Jones Sends Out Today an Interesting Circular Letter.

WORLD'S FAIR EXHIBIT.

Dr. F. A. Jones, of this city, who is gathering material for New Mexico's exhibit of mineral at the Louisiana Purchase exposition, sent out today to the mining men of the territory the following letter:

IMPORTANT!
WORLD'S FAIR MINERAL EXHIBIT
To the mine owners and operators of New Mexico:

New Mexico is preparing a great exhibit of its vast resources from its various mines and quarries to be displayed at the city of St. Louis, next year. This exhibit will attract the attention of investors from all over the civilized world; and every mine, quarry and prospect should appear on the printed list, which will give a detailed description of each property in New Mexico.

The plan is that each sample, whether ore, precious rock, building stone, or other mineral products, shall each be properly labeled and numbered when placed on exhibition; this number will refer to and correspond with the number in the publication, where a description of the property, with name and address of owner, extent of development, character of deposits, etc., will be given. Any good photographs furnished that you may have of your mine, mill or workings will be included and reference given to the mine to which it belongs.

We do not care particularly to have a display of small and pretty pieces of minerals, simply because they glitter; but, we wish what may be considered average samples of the ore or deposit. Samples should be as large as conditions will admit in the mining and handling of the same, smaller pieces varying in size should be sent, also, in order that a small sample may be given to any one who might feel an interest in any particular property. Samples weighing a ton or more will be greatly appreciated. All samples should be substantially wrapped before they are sacked, boxed or crated, in order to avoid injury during transit; full and complete labels, giving name of mine owner, locality, approximate assay values or chemical analysis should accompany each lot. Specimens of the wall rock are desired; accompanied, also, by pieces of the characteristic country rock.

Any printed literature and reports, made by mining engineers and geologists of the district, or on any particular mining properties, are much desired and needed in making the publication complete as possible.

The territorial board of world's fair managers designated Albuquerque the collecting point of the mineral exhibit, at which point the same will be displayed at the annual territorial fair next fall, previous to its shipment to St. Louis. This arrangement will doubly display the exhibit and thus provides a way for those to see the collection who could not be able to visit St. Louis. It is therefore necessary that all shipments be consigned to the undersigned, at Albuquerque, during the last week in August; and only in extraordinary cases should shipments reach Albuquerque later than September 10 in order that sufficient time be had in which to place this exhibit in proper place, ready for the opening of the fair on October 12. Valuable specimens and private collections will be looked after under a special surveillance and guarantee of the safe return of the property is as good condition as when received.

We wish to include in the exhibit everything in mineralogical, geological and metallurgical importance in the economy of the territory.

All railway freight will be paid and adjusted by the world's fair commission. A hearty response is expected from every mining district in New Mexico. Some of the mining camps have already met and selected committees to see that they are fully represented with a creditable display of their mineral resources at the greatest exposition the world has ever known.

Yours very sincerely,
F. A. JONES,
Director of Mineral Exhibit,
Albuquerque, N. M., July 11, 1903.

Dr. Jones says there is already great interest being taken in this matter and he looks for New Mexico to do herself proud. For some little time now he has been at work in the northern part of the territory. The people here will see the exhibit for it will be displayed at our territorial fair in October.

Probate Court News.
The probate court met yesterday and after a short session, adjourned until August 3.

In the matter of the citation in the case of Antiocha Montoya de Torres, by its administrator, Vincente Torres, against Jose Vidal Mora, the court having considered the answer to said citation and having heard the evidence ordered that the said answer be sustained and the said Jose Vidal Mora be discharged with his costs.

GALLUP.
From the Republican.
Miss Maggie Stokes is the new lady clerk, and the Goodwin counter. The 6 months' old child of Joseph Guggisher of Gibson died last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Selvy and family of Point Richmond, Cal., are visiting relatives here this week.

Father Juillard and Father Dumar returned last Tuesday from their parochial visit to Zunis and Atarque. The teachers of the schools of Fort Defiance and Zunis are one after the other leaving their schools for a well deserved vacation.

Lawrence Smith left for Los Angeles, where he will spend a few days, then he will go to San Francisco, where he will work this summer.

The Odd Fellows lodge elected the following officers Tuesday evening, June 30: N. G. W. A. Patching; V. G. Robert Wyper; recording secretary, W. A. Smith; treasurer, Alex. Bowie.

John White, the colored porter at Kitchen's saloon, dropped dead Monday afternoon while telling a story to Walter Grey. The funeral took place Tuesday at 3 p. m.

K. K. Scott and family left this morning for San Diego, Cal., where they will spend a few weeks. C. N. Sabin will attend to the duties of the town clerk during Mr. Scott's absence.

Jako Morgan, an Indian who has been spending his vacation on the reservation, returned to Kansas Sunday night, where he will join an Indian band of sixty pieces, who have an engagement of six weeks in Denver, commencing the first of next week. Mr. Morgan plays solo cornet.

Body of Drowned Girl Found.
The body of Teofila Melendez, one of the girls who were drowned at the smelter a few days ago, was recovered yesterday afternoon below the city near Ysleta and an inquest was held at that point, after which the remains were brought to this city for interment.

The remains were found in a pile of driftwood and were in a badly decomposed state. They were identified by a brother of the deceased.—El Paso Herald.

HEAP TROUBLE.
Pojoaque the Scene of a Lively Fight A Number in Jail.

There was a lively time Wednesday morning at the town of Pojoaque, near Santa Fe, where a pitched battle occurred. A constable and several deputies and the friends of a prisoner were in the melee.

A number of shots were fired but no damage was done. Camilo Martinez was arrested at that place on the previous day and when his trial occurred was fined and sentenced to fifteen days in jail. After the trial, Martinez asked for a change of venue, which was refused. The constable started to Santa Fe with his prisoner and two deputies, but an attempt was made by friends of the prisoner to interfere and liberate him. It was then that the firing took place and the constable after a few minutes resumed his triumphant march to the city with his prisoner and the two deputies. Some on of the other crowd hastened to Santa Fe and procured warrants for the constable, Donaciano Ortiz and his two deputies, Ramon Trujillo and Donaciano Garcia, and when they arrived at the jail they were locked up along with their prisoners by Deputy Sheriff C. R. Huber.

Ortiz retaliated by applying for warrants for the other parties to the battle at la Fama. Deputy Huber then went to Pojoaque and arrested the following parties: Antonio Ullallo, Romero, Antonio Jose Romero, Benito Luis and Luciano Trujillo. He landed during the night and Thursday morning left for Tesuque in quest of Ramon Jimenez, who is charged with being an agitator in the affair and with having fired a few shots. It seems this man is or claims to be a lawyer and was present to look after Martinez' interests in the trial. He is said to have been responsible for the starting of the trouble which led to the fight.

They will be tried Saturday in Justice J. M. Garcia's court. The charges will be carrying and flourishing deadly weapons and discharging them.

New Reservoir.
It is reported that the Southern Pacific will build a reservoir at Fort Grant, which will supply the entire garrison with agua pura. The opinion of many is that Fort Grant will not be abandoned, and that it will be maintained and enlarged.

THE NEW ENGINE.
Big Piece of Machinery Reached the Territorial Penitentiary Wednesday.

All O. K.
The fine new engine which was purchased by the authorities of the territorial penitentiary from Capt. W. E. Dame and which has been at the Cash Pentry mine near Cerrillos, arrived at the institution about 11 o'clock Wednesday night. Early Monday morning R. C. Garrett, superintendent of the brick plant, left for Cerrillos with seven teams and eight convicts to take it down and bring it to the institution. No guard was taken along and the convicts were put on their honor with the result that they worked like Trojans, gave no trouble whatever, and did not seem to even think of trying to escape.

The big engine was taken down, loaded on the wagons and brought to the institution without the loss of even a bolt. The big piece of machinery is being put in place at the institution, and it will not be many days until it will be put in service and the brick plant started again. The rapid manner in which this work was done, the behavior of the convicts, the short time in which the old engine has been replaced, all is most creditable to all connected with the affair.

A New Office.
George W. Webb, Chinese inspector for Arizona, has just been placed in charge of the department of commerce and labor for Arizona, under Secretary George B. Cortelyou. The appointment was made in a letter dated July 2.

OFFICERS ELECTED.
Dahart Stockholders Take Direct Charge of Road's Organization at Dahart, Tex.

The stockholders of the Dawson City, Dahart & Oklahoma City Railroad company met in Dahart, Tex., and after some preliminary work elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

Executive department—Guy M. Lawrence, president; C. A. Crawl, assistant to president; A. Clendenen, first vice president; Robert T. Pugh, secretary.

Legal department—D. A. Koble, general attorney; G. R. Haley, assistant general attorney.

Treasurer and accounting department—H. W. Wyman, treasurer; H. W. Wallace, paymaster; E. B. Peterson, clerk auditor; J. E. Steel, freight auditor.

Operating department—H. E. McMullen, general manager; C. H. Young, general superintendent; J. E. Lynn, assistant superintendent; R. W. Williams, purchasing agent; John Brewer, superintendent of telegraph; J. O. Elliott, car service agent; Shep Simmons, stationery agent.

Traffic department—James G. Griffith, general freight agent; W. T. Kellett, general pass agent; Mike Powers, general baggage agent; C. B. Smith, claim agent; D. C. Diltz, excursion agent.

Mechanical department—Thos. Sutherland, superintendent motive power; Jack Griffin, assistant superintendent motive power; F. J. Welch, general foreman.

Engineering and roadway department—R. B. Wood, chief engineer; J. C. Bloodworth, road master; J. D. Conthen, assistant road master western division; Wm. Bell, assistant road master eastern division.

Construction is rapidly progressing and active operation will be in force as speedily as equipment can be secured.

Street Railways Profitable.
A personal report on street railways recently issued by the census bureau will throw light upon the eagerness with which franchises are sought by promoters of this modern method of travel. The report shows that the average of street and electric railways in operation in 1902 was more than twice as large as the average in 1890. The aggregate surplus for the 463 companies reporting a surplus amounted to \$51,041,150, and the aggregate deficit for the 275 companies reporting a deficit amounted to \$11,285,047, leaving a net surplus for all companies in the United States of \$40,000,112.

Girl Was Drowned.
A report reached here from Chambrino that a Mexican girl was drowned there in the river yesterday while bathing. Chambrino is ten miles above the city on the Mexican side. The girl is said to have been caught by the treacherous undertow.—El Paso News.

He Is Tall and Thin.
Joseph L. Bristow, fourth assistant postmaster general—the man who has come to be called the sleuth of the department—is six feet two inches tall, but so thin that when standing erect, he seems to be fully seven feet. There is a legend around the department that a visitor who had just been introduced to Mr. Bristow watched him straighten out for a few moments and then gasped: "Good Lord, is he never going to stop getting up?"

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THE HOME.

Lamp chimneys should be steam-cured in preference to washing them. Most chimneys are likely to break if washed while none will do so if the only moisture applied is the form of steam. The smoke and grime should be first wiped off with a soft paper and the drying done with a cloth without lint.

A crust of dry bread placed in a kettle of boiling onions will neutralize the odor. The same practice in cooking spinach, beet tops, dandelions, etc., will not only take away the smell while cooking but by absorbing the rank flavor will give an added delicacy to the vegetable when served.

A new strawberry set consists of bowl and berry dishes in fancy shapes and also dainty cake plates—all thickly overspread as it were, with the rich green foliage, the white blossoms peeping through the leaves, in the midst of which are also rarely fine and delicious looking strawberries.

Cornmeal puffs are delicious for breakfast. Into one quart of boiling milk stir eight tablespoons of Indian meal, four tablespoons of sugar and half a grated nutmeg, let it boil five minutes, stirring all the time. Remove from the fire, let cool and then stir in six eggs well beaten, mix well and pour into buttered tea-cups, nearly filling them. Bake in a moderate oven half an hour.

To wash very grimy things, such as overalls and working shirts, mix together equal parts of kerosene, lime water and turpentine. Shake the mixture in a bottle until creamy, then add a cupful to a boiler of clothes. It can also be used with hot suds, rubbing directly upon dirty grease spots, allowing to stand five minutes before washing out and then rinsing in hot water. In dampening clothes for ironing hot water is much better than cold. The moisture is more even and the clothes are sooner ready for the iron. Knit underwear, stockings and other rough pieces should be merely run through the wringer when dry or folded and laid in a smooth pile with a heavy board and weight on top to do away with the labor of ironing.

Canning strawberries is largely taking the place of preserving these days and the process by which the fruit is preserved whole and almost in a natural state is now adopted by all progressive house wives. It is well to bear in mind when canning that none but perfectly sound and fresh fruit should be used. The jars should be thoroughly heated before filling. While being filled they should stand on a folded damp towel to prevent breaking. After being filled and the tops screwed on, the jars should stand in a warm part of the kitchen overnight where the air will not strike them. When filling the jars run a silver spoon handle around the inside of the jar to break the air bubbles and then screw on the tops at once. To can strawberries, allow a half-pound of sugar to every pound of berries.

Base of the mill will be constructed an immense timber dock, 80x100 feet. Over this dock timber of large proportions will be handled and loaded into cars for shipment.

The engine and power house is to be of brick, 50x95 feet, with walls twenty-one feet high, supporting a steel truss or roof of galvanized iron. The power includes four 72x18 feet boilers, each of a capacity of 225 horse power, and a 600 horse power Corliss engine, with twenty-four ft. wheels. This wheel carries a double leather belt forty-six inches in width and 150 feet in length.

The mills will be equipped with a re-use burner thirty-two feet in diameter, 100 feet high. It will be lined with fire brick of the best quality procurable, or which, it will require some 155,000. The log train skidway, where the logs will be unloaded, will be 320 feet long, thus allowing the unloading of eight cars at one time.

Buildings for planer and box factory, and dry sheds and kilns, will be built on the mill grounds just as soon as the mill begins sawing its own lumber.

The capacity of the mills, when finished, will be in the neighborhood of 150,000 feet per ten hours.

On account of the uncertain arrival of machinery, Mr. Badstueber declines to say when the new mill will be ready and running.

water will keep it from turning yellow when cleaned. Grease spots can be removed with fuller's earth made into a thin paste with cold water. Spread the paste over the spot, let it remain two or three days, then brush it off carefully. Matting that is not much soiled may be freshened by wiping the surface with warm water containing a little ammonia. Another method and a very good one is to rub the matting with moistened corn meal, allowing it to dry. Then it can be swept off and the